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WEST INDIES.

Report from Bridgetown, Barbados—Further relative to yellow-fever cases from British naval vessel Indefatigable.

The following information, received from the general board of health, Bridgetown, was forwarded by Consul Clare, under date of November 20:

Three men from the British man-of-war *Indefatigable*, who were sent on the afternoon of November 18 to the general hospital, supposed to be suffering from dengue fever, developed yellow fever in the night, and 1 died yesterday morning. The other 2 were sent to the quarantine hospital. Five other men from the same ship were also sent to the latter hospital, suffering from fever, 2 of whom have since developed yellow fever. The wife of the resident surgeon at the general hospital also died there yesterday morning from yellow fever. The source of the disease has not been ascertained. Every precaution possible has been and is being taken to prevent the disease from spreading.

(See Public Health Reports, November 29, 1907, p. 1744.)

November 24.—Consul Clare reports no further development of yellow fever at Bridgetown.

FOREIGN AND INSULAR STATISTICAL REPORTS OF COUNTRIES AND CITIES—
UNTABULATED.

AFRICA—*Lourenço Marquez*.—Month of September, 1907. Estimated population, 10,000. Total number of deaths, 51, including smallpox 5, whooping cough 1, and 8 from tuberculosis.

BRAZIL—*Pernambuco*.—Two weeks ended September 30, 1907. Estimated population, 210,000. Total number of deaths, 277, including enteric fever 1, smallpox 54, plague 3, malarial fever 7, beriberi 1, and 50 from tuberculosis.

CANADA—*Ontario—Hamilton*.—Month of November, 1907. Estimated population, 63,000. Total number of deaths, 62, including enteric fever 1 and 2 from tuberculosis.

Quebec—Sherbrooke.—Month of November, 1907. Estimated population, 14,700. Total number of deaths, 14, including diphtheria 2 and 1 from tuberculosis.

CUBA—*Habana*.—Month of October, 1907. Estimated population, 280,000. Total number of deaths, 441, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 8, yellow fever 3, whooping cough 6, leprosy 3, and 87 from tuberculosis.

FRANCE—*Cannes*.—Month of October, 1907. Estimated population, 37,361. Total number of deaths, 48, including enteric fever 1 and 8 from smallpox.

St. Etienne.—Two weeks ended October 31, 1907. Estimated population, 150,000. Total number of deaths, 115, including diphtheria 2, whooping cough 1, scarlet fever 1, and 23 from tuberculosis.

GREAT BRITAIN—*England and Wales*.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended November 16, 1907, correspond to an annual rate of 14.8 per 1,000 of population, which is estimated at 16,624,458.

London.—One thousand three hundred and twenty-six deaths were registered during the week, including measles 21, scarlet fever 9, diphtheria 21, enteric fever 6, whooping cough 17, tuberculosis 210, and 34 from diarrhea. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 14.5 per 1,000. In Greater London 1,767 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 3 from diphtheria, 2 from measles, 2 from scarlet fever, and 6 from whooping cough.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended November 16, 1907, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 21.6 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,117,547. The lowest rate was recorded in Portadown, viz, 5.2, and the highest in Limerick, viz, 34.2 per 1,000.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended November 16, 1907, correspond to an annual rate of 15.9 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,812,171. The highest rate of mortality was recorded in Dundee, viz, 23.6, and the lowest in Aberdeen, viz, 9.0 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 552, including diphtheria 10, enteric fever 4, measles 33, scarlet fever 4, and 12 from whooping cough.

JAPAN—*Formosa*.—Two weeks ended November 2, 1907. Estimated population, 3,050,004. Total number of deaths not reported. Four deaths from enteric fever and 1 from plague reported.

MALTA.—Two weeks ended November 9, 1907. Estimated population, 206,689. Total number of deaths, 191, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 2, and 1 from smallpox.

RUSSIA—*Riga*.—Month of August, 1907. Estimated population, 320,000. Total number of deaths, 624, including diphtheria 8, enteric fever 12, measles 11, scarlet fever 25, smallpox 1, and 63 from tuberculosis.

SPAIN—*Barcelona*.—Ten days ended November 20, 1907. Estimated population, 600,000. Total number of deaths, 411, including diphtheria 5, enteric fever 26, smallpox 3, and 32 from tuberculosis.

Huelva.—Month of October, 1907. Estimated population, 24,000. Total number of deaths, 73, including enteric fever 2, scarlet fever 1, and 11 from tuberculosis.

Seville.—Month of October, 1907. Estimated population, 148,315. Total number of deaths, 352, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 7, scarlet fever 4, and 53 from tuberculosis.

VENEZUELA.—Reports from the entire Republic for the year ended December 31, 1906, show as follows: Estimated population, 2,323,527. Total number of deaths, 52,949, including diphtheria 88, enteric fever 1,217, measles 233, scarlet fever 34, whooping cough 324, yellow fever 73, leprosy 74, beriberi 10, malarial fever 8,544, and 4,293 from phthisis pulmonalis.

WEST INDIES—Curaçao.—Two weeks ended November 22, 1907. Estimated population, 31,600. Total number of deaths, 8. No deaths from contagious diseases reported.

St. Lucia, Castries.—Month of October, 1907. Estimated population, 7,000. Total number of deaths, 18.

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox from June 28 to December 13, 1907.

[Reports received by the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, from American consuls, through the Department of State and from other sources.]

[For reports received from December 28, 1906, to June 28, 1907, see PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS for June 28, 1907.]

[NOTE.—In accordance with custom, the tables of epidemic diseases are terminated semiannually and new tables begun.]

CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Algeria—Algiers	Aug. 1-31 .....	.....	2	Quarantined without the city limits.
Ceylon—Point de Galle.....	June 16-22 .....	.....	2	
China:				
Amoy	June 30-July 6 .....	.....	.....	Kulangsu, 8 deaths daily, estimated. Aug. 3, still present.
Hankow	Aug. 24-Sept. 14	7	4	
Hongkong	Sept. 8-14	1	.....
Shanghai	Aug. 4-Sept. 29	a 23	467	
Shanhaikwan	Sept. 2 .....	.....	.....	Present on R. R. to Tongshan.
Tientsin	Aug. 15-Oct. 5 .....	.....	11	3 cases and 2 deaths from steamship from Shanghai.
India .....	.....	.....	.....	Burma Province, 1906, 7,872 deaths.
Bombay	May 29-Oct. 22 .....	.....	386	
Calcutta	May 12-Oct. 26 .....	.....	941	
Cochin	May 4-Oct. 4 .....	.....	93	
Kashmir	May 11-July 9	10,555	6,563	From Nov. 1 to June 29, 16,675 cases and 9,705 deaths.
Madras	July 6-Oct. 25 .....	.....	592	
Moulmine	May 5-July 27	42	1	
Negapatam	Oct. 5-11 .....	.....	7	
Rangoon	May 12-Oct. 26 .....	.....	42	
Japan, general	Sept. 1-Oct. 5	2,944	736	
Chiba pref.	Oct. 19-21	28	6	
Ehime Ken.	Sept. 1-13	2	.....
Formosa	Sept. 8-Oct. 5	2	1	
Fukawa	To Oct. 5	961	.....
Fukuoka Ken	Aug. 19-Sept. 13	687	.....
Moji	Aug. 19-Oct. 8	512	400	And 83 cases in vicinity Sept. 9.
Haneda	Oct. 19 .....	.....	.....	Present.
Hieroshima Ken	Sept. 1-Oct. 8	30	.....
Hyogo Ken	Aug. 24-Sept. 13	102	.....
Kobé	Aug. 24-Nov. 2	451	117	
Kagashima	Sept. 1-Oct. 5	15	.....
Kagawa Ken	Sept. 1-Oct. 12	28	.....
Nagasaki Ken	Aug. 30-Oct. 12	61	2	Imported from Moji.
Nagatsu	Aug. 31 .....	.....	.....	14 cases daily.
Nara	Sept. 1	1	.....
Ohita Ken	Sept. 1-Oct. 12	120	.....
Okayama	Sept. 1-Oct. 12	10	.....
Okugori	Sept. 1-9	27	.....
Osaka	Aug. 24-Oct. 12	248	179	
Saga Ken	Sept. 1-Oct. 12	74	.....
Saseho	Sept. 1 .....	.....	.....	Present.
Tokyo	Sept. 1-Oct. 5	12	.....	Nov. 12, still present in vicinity.
Wakama Ken	Sept. 1-13	1	.....

a Cases among foreigners, deaths among natives.